

Daily Eagle
M. M. MURDOCK, Editor.
THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 30, 1886.

The old year will go out like a lamb, perhaps.
The entire country seems to be mourning over the death of John A. Logan.
Corn is still king in Kansas. We have a crop this dry year of 140,000,000 bushels.
There are now 20,047,000 acres of land in the United States that are owned by foreign landholders.
General John A. Logan was born in Jackson county, Illinois, in February, 1826, and was consequently nearly sixty-one years old.
Surveys in progress for the Kansas City & Pacific road between Kansas City and Parsons, Kansas, which is supposed to be in the interests of the Chicago & Alton.
Henry M. Beers, of the New York Council of Reform, says that that city is the most extravagantly managed municipality in the country. He asserts that the average per capita expenditure of forty-eight cities was \$8.93, while that of New York city was \$25.65.
A young man of twenty, one of a party of hunters in Colorado, left camp to go out and set a bear trap. He did not return in due time, and search was made for him. It was six days before he was found, and then it was seen that in setting the trap both hands had been caught in it, and thus he had been held until he was frozen to death.
United States Treasurer Jordan in his report shows that under the operations of the sinking fund alone the entire national debt will be extinguished in 1898, and if the present rate of revenues are maintained it will be extinguished by the year 1900. The report further shows that the entire national banking system will be wiped out in 1896.
The editor of the Courier expects to live long enough to commend his neighbor of the Eagle for good work for the Wichita & Winfield road, and many other good things. We expect he will reform in that one particular and conclude to support a good thing for Wichita, notwithstanding it may also be a good thing for Winfield.—Courier.
Maryland employs 60,000 persons in putting up canned goods, an industry in which she now leads all the states in the union. She supplies 50,000,000 cans of oysters annually. In Hartford county alone 24,000,000 cans of tomatoes and 13,000,000 cans of corn are prepared for the market every year, and one firm in Frederick City puts up 2,500,000 cans of corn in a season.
There are in America over 4,000,000 farms, large and small. They cover nearly 300,000,000 acres of improved land, and their total value is something like \$10,000,000,000. These figures are not, of course, comprehensible. They simply convey the idea of vastness of area and vastness of importance. The estimated value of the yearly product of these farms is between \$2,000,000,000 and \$8,000,000,000.
A discovery important to geologists was made a few days ago in Washington territory. In an extensive bed of peat in the northeastern part of the territory were found the remains of nine mammoths, cave bears, hyenas and a sea turtle. In digging them out the first layer of peat was encountered, then a thick deposit of volcanic ashes, then a bed of peat. One tusk is 10 feet 1 inch long, 24 inches in circumference, and weighs 145 pounds. Another tusk is 12 feet 9 inches long, 27 inches in circumference and weighs 295 pounds. The teeth found weigh 18 pounds each, and some of the ribs are eight feet long.
State Journal: The Wichita Eagle will soon have the handiest newspaper headquarters of any paper in the state. The Murdocks are adding a third story to their building and will use all three floors. A golden eagle looking wistfully northeastward toward Topeka, as if it were anxious to fly thitherward, will surmount the pinnacle of the front. The sanctum will have a bay window, a grate, a marble mantle, the stuffed American bird, and also a club—similarly fashioned—the latter for the man who calls to pay his subscription when the editor is in the midst of one of his flowery word-paintings of the richness of the metropolis of the Kansas Nile.
Those who read the addresses delivered by Rev. Dr. McGlynn, in New York, during the political campaign of Henry George, will not be surprised to hear that that clergyman has been summoned to Rome to explain his advocacy of the extreme social changes laid down in Mr. George's program. The Roman Catholic church admits of considerable latitude among its preachers, but it is an exceedingly conservative institution, and, as such, is one of the strongest, if not the strongest, bulwark in the maintenance of existing social order. Whether it is right or not in the position it has taken as the defender of constituted authority may in certain minds admit of discussion; but it cannot be denied that in this country it has not in the past received that degree of recognition from those who would term themselves the defenders of the present social system that it is likely to receive in the next few years.
LINKS AND PINS.
The W. & W. railroad is now an assured fact. Some seem to think it strange that Wichita, Winfield and the people between the two cities should want another line of railroad. There are several reasons for it. Chiefly among these is the fact that this line will run through a territory which has no road, and another fact that this is not a local scheme but the starting point for a line from the northwest to the south, connecting with a system that will make the road one of the most important of the many roads in and heading for Winfield.—Winfield Daily Telegram.

MUST BE OPENED.

The Indian Territory on our South.

Magnificent Valleys, Gold and Silver and Big Coal Veins.

From our Regular Correspondent.

FORT RENO, I. T., Dec. 27.—The rapid construction of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railway through the Indian Territory, will open up to the enterprising merchants of Wichita a new supply territory to add to the country for which your city should be the natural depot. Already that road is running to Black Bear Creek, south of the Ponca reservation, and by March 1, next, will reach the north fork of the Canadian river, if it does not by that time enter the Chickasaw Nation. The road is nearly all graded to the Texas line, some heavy cuts through the Arbuckle mountains remain yet to be completed.
Entering the Chickasaw Nation near the mouth of Walnut Creek, it follows the main divide between the Canadian and Washita rivers to a point nearly opposite White Deer Hill, where it crosses the last named stream, and thence forth follows that river to the Texas line, passing through Smith Paul's Valley, without exception the richest natural farming country in the whole of the Indian Territory. This valley lying between the Washita river and Rush Creek is an immense bottom, extending with its connecting low lands from Elm Springs to Old Fort Arbuckle. In favorable seasons a yield of one hundred bushels of corn, or thirty-four to forty bushels of wheat per acre is not uncommon, and in the driest seasons land well worked will produce a paying crop. Cotton is here raised with profit, and all the fruits of the earth repay the husbandman with astonishing increase. Under the present system this land is rented by the native to the white man. Any Chickasaw by birth, marriage or adoption, may fence and break any land unoccupied, and under this law many a one who has a right in the country, though not holding a title to a foot of land, has anywhere from five hundred to two thousand acres under cultivation, and in addition may have a range for cattle any number of miles in extent. He does no work. His share of the crop secures him as comfortable a living as his training from youth up makes him competent to enjoy. His civilization, if a native, is the result of intermarriage of whites and Indians, and not of education; and in this regard the degree of cultivation, intelligence and energy, is entirely commensurate with the proportion of white blood infused in the native's veins.
This system and its results, obtains in each of the so-called "civilized nations." The Cherokees claim to be more highly educated and more intelligent than either of the others but the superiority is apparent for in the fact that the process of intermarriage cultivation has been longer established, and a greater amount of white blood is blended with the red. These people are naturally and earnestly opposed to any scheme to make an allotment of their lands in severalty. It will take away from the ignorant native and the equally illiterate white, who got his "right," with his half or quarter blood wife, the means of living by the sweat of other men's brows.
Scattered throughout these nations are men of brains who teach the masses that allotment in severalty is ruin. These men frame the laws and alternate in positions of trust and are blindly followed. So far as the full blood is concerned he is but little ahead of the wildest Comanche. He only goes on the war path when he is filled with Texas whiskey, or Arkansas "Pine Top."

To return to the main subject of this letter.
After quitting this immense valley, the road runs through the Arbuckle mountains and on to Red river. When the country is opened up these mountains will be found to contain rich deposits of silver and copper. The knowledge of these ores is now concealed, but the fact is there. How rich they may be, remains for capital and labor to determine. Coal is lying there in immense quantities, the vein being on a line with and a continuation of that now being worked at McAllister's station, and along the line of the M., K. & T. railway.
The country through which the road runs is dotted here and there with typical territorial villages, consisting generally of a store, containing the postoffice, a blacksmith shop and a stage stand; but the merchants do a large business, carry well assorted stocks of the necessities of life; are generally white men of reputation, ability and honesty, and your wholesale merchants will do well to neglect this field; for the time is surely coming when this land will be the home of the white, as well as the red man, and whenever that time does come, no city in the west will have a richer country tributary to it than will Wichita have in this.

In return for your merchandise, the Territory will only at first give you cattle, hogs and grain, but when the toil of the farmer will ensure to his own advantage, instead of swelling the receipts of another, the country will add not only the products of a semi-tropical climate, but will add the mineral treasures now lying locked in its bosom, which a free entrance to all will unfold.
In the extreme western part another road is quickly pushing its way across to Moberly, in Texas, but this road can never have the advantages of the others, in that the land it traverses is a desert compared to the blooming valley of the Washita, and its course is but a short one. When the Rock Island, however, shall push its way to the gulf, through the Territory, a new and a good territory will be added to the domain of "booming Wichita," to be supplemented later by the east and west line, under the old grant to the A. & P. railway, now just across the Arkansas, west of Vinita. When all the projected lines shall become thoroughfares in fact, the pressure to be brought in favor of opening the Territory will be too great for bigoted philanthropists of the east, or a stubborn president, to resist, and

the barriers thrown down, this land will take a leap forward in civilization and in wealth which will be only equaled by the progress of the Arkansas valley in the past four years. CYNOS.

WICHITA MANUFACTORIES

And Other Important Statistics.

From the Wichita Nation.
Wichita makes no pretense to be a manufacturing city. We are properly a commercial and distributing center, but as the following table will show we have made a good beginning. In the table below will be found a list of firms engaged in nearly all business of a manufacturing character worthy of mention, together with the number of hands employed by each, and their weekly pay roll. In some instances, however, we give the totals in each special line with their weekly pay. In a former table we gave the amount of capital employed by the new firms that began business the past year; in this table, therefore, at the foot of this table we give the total capital employed in manufactures of all kinds:

	Hands Employed	Weekly Pay
Bakeries	8	\$5,255
Brickmakers	6	1,500
Boot and Shoe Makers	12	50
Broom Factories	5	50
Book Binderies	2	45
Blacksmiths	11	55
Canning Factories	1	40
Carrage & Wagon Shops	2	12
Cracker Factories	1	40
Carrage Factories	1	25
Cigar Factories	6	50
Coopers	1	30
Corn Millers	2	20
Cornice Works	2	46
Dressmakers	17	85
Dye Works	3	12
Foundries	5	37
Plumbing Mills	4	32
Feed Mills	4	25
Fence Factories	1	30
Harness and Saddlery	6	60
Ice factory	1	15
Jewelers	9	15
Merchant Tailors	8	25
Milliners	3	15
Mattress makers	3	15
Marble works	2	7
Novelty works	1	3
Photographers	5	10
Pump makers	1	10
Planing mills	6	70
Packing houses	1	40
Plumbers	10	10
Portland stone	1	3
Wichita Collar Co.	1	3
Gunsmiths	2	2
Soda water works	1	16
Royal Spice Mills	1	16
Sash, doors and blinds	3	50
Shoe factories	1	3
Soap factories	1	5
Stone yards	6	30
Trunk factories	1	3
Tent factories	1	15
Vinegar works	2	12
Totals	177	\$10,735

Here we have a total of 177 concerns engaged in various lines of manufactures, and giving employment to 1,288 people, whose aggregate weekly pay amounts to \$10,735.00, or \$67,692.00 per month, or \$816,904.00 per year. Besides these we have 50 contractors and builders, employing 500 men at a weekly salary of \$6,000, or \$24,000 per month, which amounts to \$288,000 per year. Let us go further then in the consideration of the immense army of employees that help to make our population and the amount their salaries will aggregate in a year. We will, for the sake of convenience, put the daily pay per employee at \$2.

The following table will give a pretty accurate estimate:

No.	Employed	Pay per year
Abstractors	7	\$15
Agricultural Imp.	3	15
Banks	6	60
Barbers	18	54
Billiard Halls	6	18
Books & Stationery	5	15
Boot & Shoe Stores	12	36
Carrage Reposts	1	6
Coal Dealers	5	15
Clothing Houses	15	45
Com'n Merchants	10	30
Confectionaries	12	36
Dry Goods Stores	15	45
Elevators	4	12
Express Companies	3	9
Furniture Stores	6	18
Food Stores	6	18
Grocery (retail)	45	135
"(wholesale)	4	12
Hides & Wool	3	9
Hardware stores	12	36
Hotels	12	36
Ice houses	2	6
Insurance men	15	45
Laundries	11	33
Livery stables	20	60
Loan brokers	25	75
Meat markets	18	54
Millinery stores	6	18
Musical stores	3	9
Painters	7	21
Photographers	5	15
Queensware stores	5	15
Real estate dealers	150	450
Restaurants	45	135
Second hand stores	8	24
Sewing Machines	3	9
Surveyors	6	18
Undertakers	2	6
Variety Stores	5	15
Wall Paper	5	15
Telegraph	1	3
A. B. T.	1	3
Electric & Gas Light	2	6
Miscellaneous	50	150
Railroads	7	21
Post-office	1	3
U. S. Land Office	1	3
City and Co. Officers	60	180
Totals	1,065	\$214,190.184.33

Here we have 1,065 concerns employing 3,244 people at an annual salary of \$1,520,184.33, which added to the yearly amount paid in the manufacturing line amounts to a grand total of \$2,499,859.33 per annum paid in salaries in this city. It is not claimed that this estimate is absolutely correct, but it is not over-estimated.

THE BUILDING BOOM.

From the Wichita Nation.

Our city has been visited during the year by hundreds of men who were looking over the west for purposes of speculation and recreation and without exception they accorded our city the first place in the line of building, both with respect to number and cost. Undoubtedly the year's building exhibit is marvelous for a city that last spring contained only 21,000 inhabitants.
There were built the past year 178 business houses and additions at a cost of \$1,003,400, ten churches \$84,000, two schools \$18,000, three colleges \$250,000, one city building \$5,000. There were built 802 residences and additions that cost \$1,162,000 and 280 miscellaneous buildings costing \$29,000, or a grand total of 1,276 buildings and additions of all classes costing \$2,332,000.

TABLE OF BUILDINGS.	No.	Cost.
Business houses	178	\$1,003,400
Churches	10	84,000
Colleges and academies	3	250,000
Schools	2	18,000
City buildings	1	5,000
Residences	802	1,162,000
Miscellaneous	280	29,000
Totals	1,276	\$2,332,000

MAIZE.

To the Editor of the Eagle.

In consequence of the number rushing into our town we were compelled to fall back—retreat to the timber until we can raise re-inforcements sufficient to build on the margin of the town site—not grieved but hope multitudes will yet come. We are too sorry if the back-bone of our sister town Colwich is broken by the departure of the Tapp brothers. Their genial faces

and good natures we welcome. They have opened a large store, dry goods, groceries, &c., &c. Come one, come all, deal with them. You will find them polite, accommodating, and doing the square thing. The last we heard from our sister town they were boasting of two flourishing joints. We are happy to say we have none. Have they corn? If not, let them come to Maize and purchase some, as there are nearly twenty thousand bushels stored away. The Congregational College is located here. It will occupy some desirable lots. Our Lyceum has been organized, the last interesting subject "Resolved that married life is more pleasant than single life," Mr. Bates and Mr. McLaren leading disputants. The subject was ably discussed and decided in the affirmative. In addition the literary was pleasing. Declarations, music and dialogues by the little ones. Mrs. Oldfather gave a sociable. All present expressed much pleasure. Also a surprise party at the Rev. Myers', being the anniversary of Mrs. Myers' birth. Many useful presents were presented her; all enjoyed it ever so much. The Sabbath school convention was in session several days; improving and entertaining; some good ideas produced. Mrs. Emma Dodson presented her husband with a Christmas gift in the form of a little son. Bless the babies. Mrs. David Parkinson has returned from the frontier, after a sojourn of six months proving up a claim in addition to their lovely home on the Cowskin. Our ladies are full of ambition. Christmas is upon us. Adieu.
LINA L. M.

The Santa Fe will soon begin the construction of a telegraph line from Topeka to Chicago for the use of Chief Engineer Robinson. This telegraph line will follow the route of the new Chicago extension.

On last Sunday night the D. M. & A. folks brought in twenty wagon loads of ties and rails, and laid several hundred yards of track extending about equal distances in both directions from the point of intersection with the C. K. & W. just west of the county line, the work being completed before daylight on Monday morning. This action was evidently taken because the D. M. & A. feared the Santa Fe would extend their tracks beyond the crossing, thus causing the first mentioned and much-abused company additional trouble and expense in changing their grade and putting in a crossing, which would be a costly and no doubtless fall to the lot of the latter. It is probably mildly exciting to the combatants, and while it may not be strictly in the nature of an amusement for the felt that gets licked, it is hilarious fun for the natives.—Cedarvale Star.

VREDENBURGH'S



Masquerade Costume and Wig Emporium.

Will open for the season November 1st with a full and complete line of costumes, wigs, masks, etc., for rent for balls, parties, tableaux, etc.
Our patrons will do well to make their dates and place their orders early to ensure best attention.
Open Evenings: Rooms 11 and 12, 22 North Main Street.



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ABSTRACTS

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